## Lesson 1.8 Notes

## Write a recursive and explicit equation to represent each situation.

1) Steven invested $\$ 3,000$ in an account that earns $1.2 \%$ interest per month.

An increase of $1.2 \%$ per month means we want $101.2 \%$ of the amount of money in the account each month. So, our growth factor is 1.012.
$f(x)=1.012^{x} \cdot 3000$ where $x$ is the number of months since the account was opened.
2) Sherri invests $\$ 2,000$ into an account that earns $6.5 \%$ interest per year.

An increase of 6.5\% per year means we want $106.5 \%$ of the amount of money in the account each year. So, our growth factor is 1.065 .
$g(x)=1.065^{x} \cdot 2000$ where $x$ is the number of years since the account was opened.
3) Will Sherri or Steven have more money after 2 years?

We will need to find $f(24)$, since Steven has invested for 24 months after two years, and $g(2)$, since Sherri has invested for two years.
$f(24)=1.012^{24} \cdot 3000$
$f(24)=3994.42$
$g(2)=1.065^{2} \cdot 2000$
$g(2)=2268.45$
Steven will have more money after two years and will continue to out earn Sherri.
4) A pool is filled with algae (about 2,500 square feet worth of algae). Gerry adds an algicide that reduces the amount of algae by $50 \%$ per hour.

Decreasing the amount of algae by $50 \%$ per hour also means that $50 \%$ of the algae will remain (100$50=50$ ). So, our decay factor will be . 5.
$f(x)=.5^{x} \cdot 2500$
5) Ashley's company doesn't like using as much chemical as Gerry's company. She also has a job that requires her to get rid of some nasty pool water. Ashley decides to drain the 2,500 gallon pool. The amount of water in the pool decreases by $75 \%$ per hour.

Decreasing the amount of water by $75 \%$ per hour means that $25 \%$ of the water will remain ( $100-75=25$ ). So, our decay factor will be .25 .
$g(x)=.25^{x} \cdot 2500$
6) Ashley needs to refill her pool. The water in the pool increases by 3 gallons per minute.

The pool refilling at a rate of 3 gallons per minute is arithmetic. We know that the pool is empty once it starts refilling. So, the initial value is zero.
$h(x)=3 x$

Write an explicit equation for each recursive function.

1) $f(x)=f(x-1)+6, f(1)=7$
2) $f(x)=f(x-1)-6, f(1)=7$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(0)=7-6=1 \\
& f(x)=6 x+1
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(0)=7+6=13 \\
& f(x)=-6 x+13
\end{aligned}
$$

2) $f(x)=f(x-1) \cdot 6, f(1)=7$
3) $f(x)=f(x-1) \cdot \frac{1}{6}, f(1)=7$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(0)=7 \div 6=\frac{7}{6} \\
& f(x)=6^{x} \cdot \frac{7}{6}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(0)=7 \div \frac{1}{6}=42 \\
& f(x)=\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{x} \cdot 42
\end{aligned}
$$

## Write a recursive function for each explicit function.

1) $f(x)=9 x-12$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(x)=f(x-1)+9 \\
& f(0)=-12
\end{aligned}
$$

2) $f(x)=-9 x+12$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(x)=f(x-1)-9 \\
& f(0)=12
\end{aligned}
$$

3) $f(x)=9^{x} \cdot \frac{1}{12}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(x)=f(x-1) \cdot 9 \\
& f(0)=\frac{1}{12}
\end{aligned}
$$

4) $f(x)=\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{x} \cdot-12$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(x)=f(x-1) \cdot \frac{1}{9} \\
& f(0)=-12
\end{aligned}
$$

## Other important notes from today:

Fill in the blanks for each table, then write the recursive and explicit equation for each sequence.
1)

| $x$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 16 |
| 3 | 64 |
| 4 | 256 |
| 5 | 1,024 |

Recursive:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f(0)=1 \\
& f(x)=f(x-1) \cdot 4
\end{aligned}
$$

Explicit:

$$
f(x)=4^{x}
$$

2) 

| $x$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3 |
| 2 | 5 |
| 3 | 7 |
| 4 | 9 |

Recursive:
$f(0)=1$
$f(x)=f(x-1)+2$
Explicit:
$f(x)=2 x+1$

| 5 | 11 |
| :--- | :--- |

3) 

| $x$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | -64 |
| 2 | -16 |
| 3 | -4 |
| 4 | -1 |
| 5 | $-\frac{1}{4}$ |

Recursive:
$f(0)=-256$
$f(x)=f(x-1) \cdot \frac{1}{4}$
Explicit:

$$
f(x)=\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{x} \cdot(-256)
$$

Write each equation of the line in $y=m x+b$ form.
1)


Equation: $y=\frac{3}{4} x+2$

$b=5$
Equation: $y=-4 x+5$

